



# PERSPECTIVA DE LA UE SOBRE EL BIENESTAR ANIMAL Y SU DIMENSIÓN INTERNACIONAL

Better Training for Safer Food  
Costa Rica, 29 septiembre 2015

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# Objetivos

## **1. Fundamentos en la UE**

- *Cinco libertades;*
- *Artículo 13 del Tratado de la UE;*
- *Definición de bienestar animal;*
- *Estrategia bienestar animal 2012 – 2015;*

## **2. ¿Bienestar animal: una oportunidad?**

## **3. ¿Por qué una cooperación internacional sobre el bienestar animal y qué herramientas se utilizan?**



## Disposiciones del Tratado de Lisboa

### **Article 13** del **Tratado de Funcionamiento de la UE:**

*Al formular y aplicar las políticas de la Unión en materia de agricultura, pesca, transporte, mercado interior, investigación y desarrollo tecnológico y espacio, la Unión y los Estados miembros tendrán plenamente en cuenta las exigencias en materia de bienestar de los animales como **seres sensibles**, respetando al mismo tiempo las disposiciones legales o administrativas y las costumbres de los Estados miembros relativas, en particular, a ritos religiosos, tradiciones culturales y patrimonio regional.*





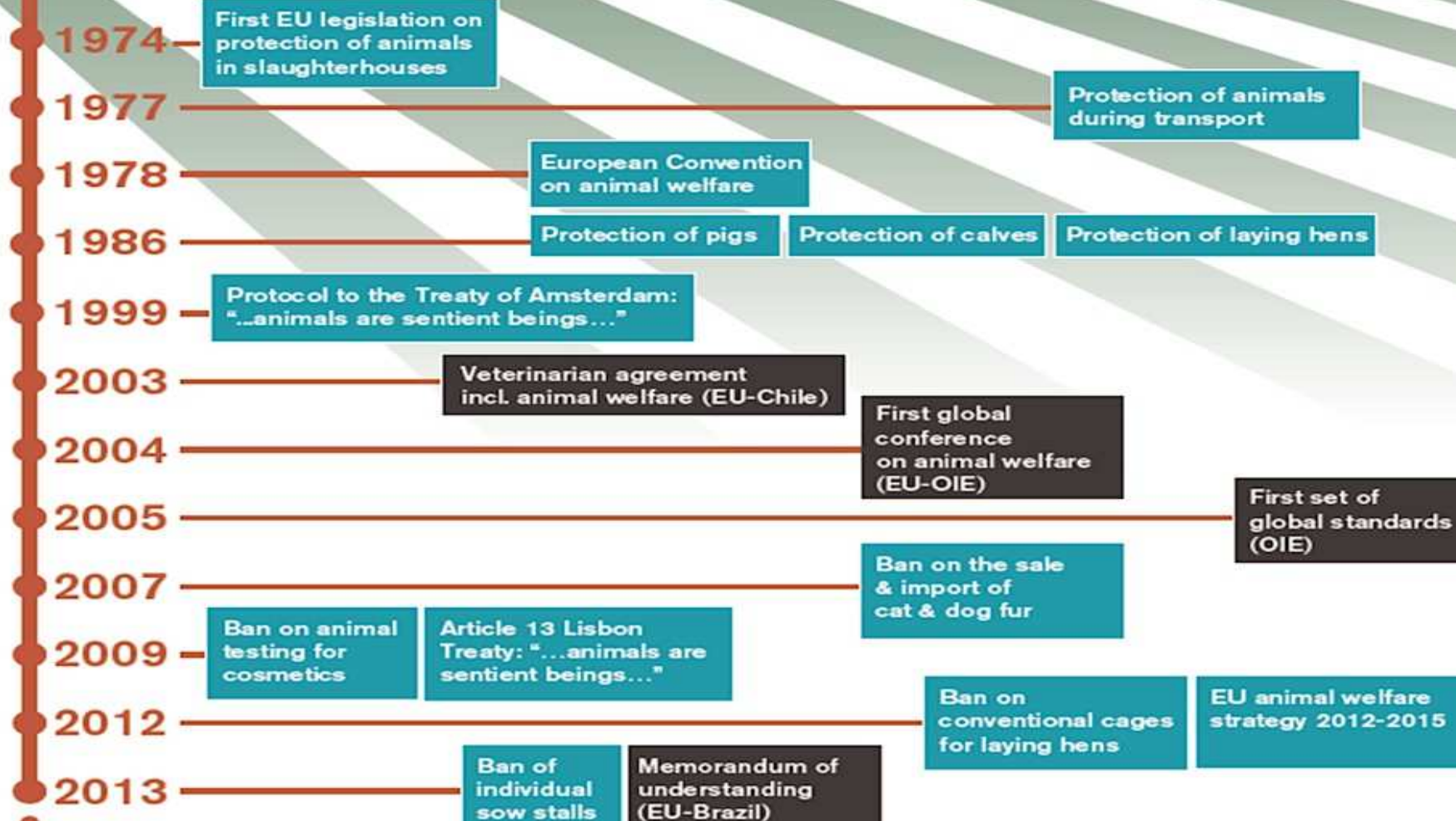
# ¿Qué dan los Europeos al bienestar animal?

- *El bienestar animal es una preocupación social en la UE - **Cuestión ética***
- **Estado del animal:** *De utilidad a emoción - la función de la modernización y urbanización*
- **Cuestión económica:** *La mayoría de los animales son utilizados en la agricultura – como pueden contribuir los consumidores*
- **Aplicación:** *Responsabilidad de los Estados miembros –prioridad para una competencia leal*



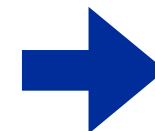
# 40 Years of Animal Welfare

## MILESTONES



## Principios clave del bienestar animal: las cinco libertades

1. **ALIMENTACIÓN Y AGUA:** Libres de hambre y sed - teniendo acceso a agua fresca y una dieta que les aporte salud plena y energía.
2. **ALOJAMIENTO:** Libres de incomodidad - proporcionando un entorno adecuado incluyendo cobijo y una zona cómoda de descanso.
3. **SALUD E INTEGRIDAD FÍSICA:** Libres de dolor, lesiones y enfermedad - mediante la prevención, el diagnóstico rápido y el tratamiento.
4. **NECESIDADES DE COMPORTAMIENTO:** Libres de expresar un comportamiento normal- proporcionando espacio suficiente, instalaciones adecuadas y la compañía de animales de la propia especie.
5. **INTER/INTRA RELACIONES ESPECÍFICAS:** Libres de miedo y angustia - asegurando las condiciones y trato que eviten el sufrimiento físico y mental.



**Directiva 98/58**

**Sobre el  
bienestar de los  
animales de  
granjas**







## Definición de OIE de BA

*"(...) designa el modo en que un animal afronta las condiciones de su entorno. Un animal está en buenas condiciones de bienestar si (según indican pruebas científicas) está sano, cómodo, bien alimentado, en seguridad, puede expresar formas innatas de comportamiento y si no padece sensaciones desagradables de dolor, miedo o desasosiego. Las buenas condiciones de bienestar de los animales exigen que se prevengan sus enfermedades y se les administren tratamientos veterinarios apropiados; que se les proteja, maneje y alimente correctamente y que se les manipule y sacrifique de manera compasiva. El concepto de **bienestar animal** se refiere **al estado del animal**. La forma de tratar a un animal se designa con otros términos como cuidado de los animales, cría de animales o trato compasivo.. (...)"*

*(Definición de la Organización mundial de sanidad animal, adoptado por los 172 miembros, mayo 2008)*



## Casi 40 años de legislación europea

***Directiva genérica + 4 directivas específicas*** en las explotaciones ganaderas

- ✓ Normas mínimas relativas a gallinas ponedoras, pollos de engorde, cerdos y terneros

***Reglamentos horizontales***

- ✓ Transporte, sacrificio y matanza

***Reglas indirectas*** de acuerdo con las recomendaciones del ***Consejo de Europa***.

- ✓ Convención europea para la protección de los animales en explotaciones ganaderas (incluye patos para la producción de foie gras, animales de peletería, peces etc.)





## FAST FACTS



**FVO (Food and Veterinary Office):**  
**15 inspections per year = 250 days of on-site visits**

**In Europe, there are:**



**12 million sows**



**360 million laying hens**



**330 million eggs consumed  
and processed per day**

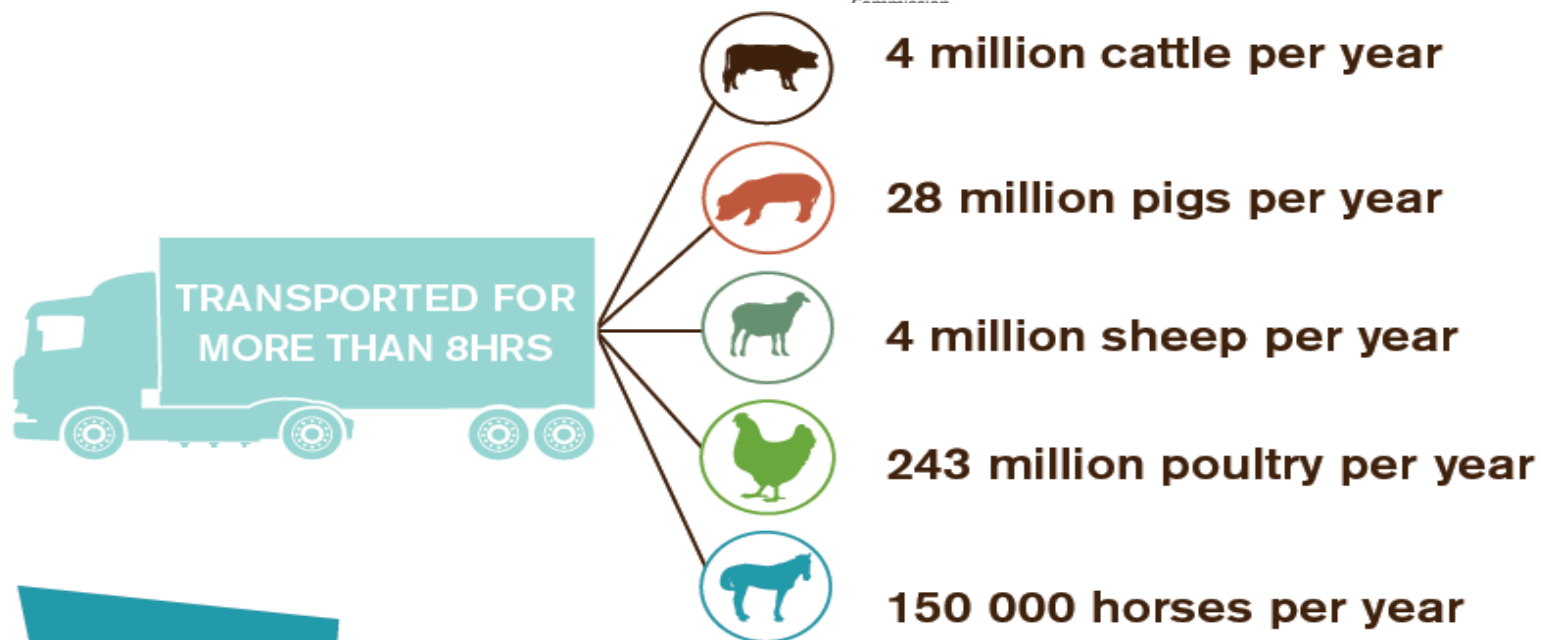


**10 million chickens  
slaughtered per day**



**1 million sheep, horses, cows and pigs  
slaughtered per day**





Training  
over the  
last 8  
years



**29** TRAININGS



**2150** PARTICIPANTS



Health and  
Consumers



# Directiva 1999/74/CE: Gallinas ponedoras Jaulas no acondicionadas = prohibidas desde 1 enero 2012





# Directiva 2008/120/CE

## Sistemas de estabulación en grupo para las cerdas gestantes – 1 enero 2013





# Orígenes de la Estrategia europea para el bienestar animal 2012 – 2015

**Ciencia**

**Mercado**

**Aplicación**

**Ética**

**Demanda  
social**

**Coordinación de  
los recursos**

**Competitividad**



# Motor del cambio de mentalidad en el BA: De "cambio de valores"... a "valores añadidos" De donde viene la estrategia...

Changing  
values in  
the society

New  
science:  
AW  
indicators

Market  
drivers

Integration  
of AW with  
sustainable  
agenda

Holistic  
approach

New  
relations  
between  
producers  
and society



## Estrategia de BA 2012-2015

### **Puntos clave**

- Centros de referencia e **indicadores** (propuesta de controles oficiales)
- Facilitar una mejor información a los consumidores
- Competencia del personal
  - **Mantener esfuerzos en la política actual**
    - Instrumentos de aplicación
    - **Iniciativas internacionales**
    - Sensibilización y formación
    - Integración en otras políticas de la UE
- **Abordar nuevas áreas de estudio**



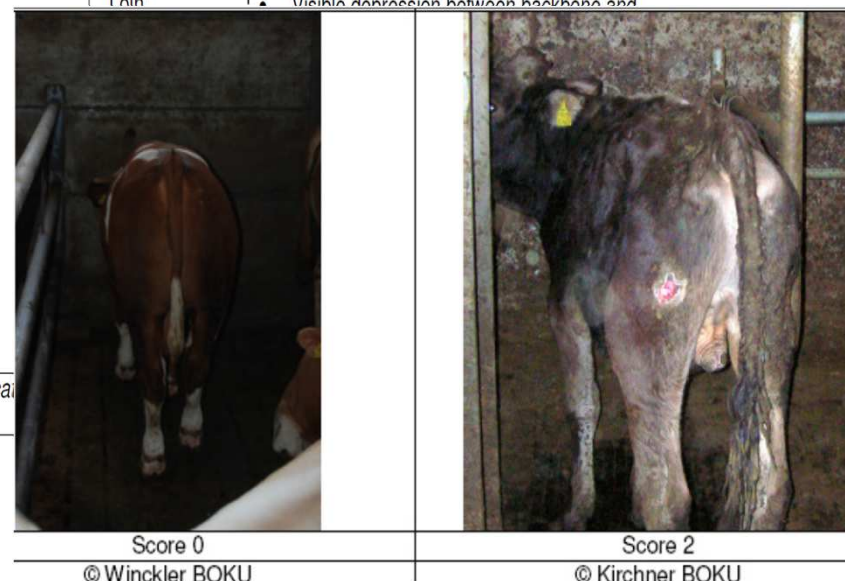
# ¿Por qué los indicadores de BA tienen importancia?

## 5.1.1 Good feeding

### 5.1.1.1 Absence of prolonged hunger

- **Científicamente validados** (*Welfare Quality, EFSA*)
- Ya **parcialmente presentes en las legislación UE** (*pollos de carne, matanza*)
- Método basado en los resultados: importante para **el comercio internacional** (respaldo de OIE) – **se adapta más fácilmente a los diferentes escenarios**

Title	Body condition score						
Scope	Animal-based measure: Fattening cattle						
Sample size	Sample size according to § 5.1.5						
Method description	View the animal from behind and from the side in the loin, tail head and vertebrae. Animals must not be touched but only watched.  Animals are scored with regard to four criteria as follows (see photographic illustration): <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Body region</td><td>Very lean</td></tr> <tr> <td>Tail head</td><td>• Cavity around tail head</td></tr> <tr> <td>Loin</td><td>• Visible depression between backbone and</td></tr> </table>	Body region	Very lean	Tail head	• Cavity around tail head	Loin	• Visible depression between backbone and
Body region	Very lean						
Tail head	• Cavity around tail head						
Loin	• Visible depression between backbone and						
Classification							



## El concepto de indicadores de BA: sistema de clasificación de pododermatitis





# Integración de los indicadores de BA en la legislación UE

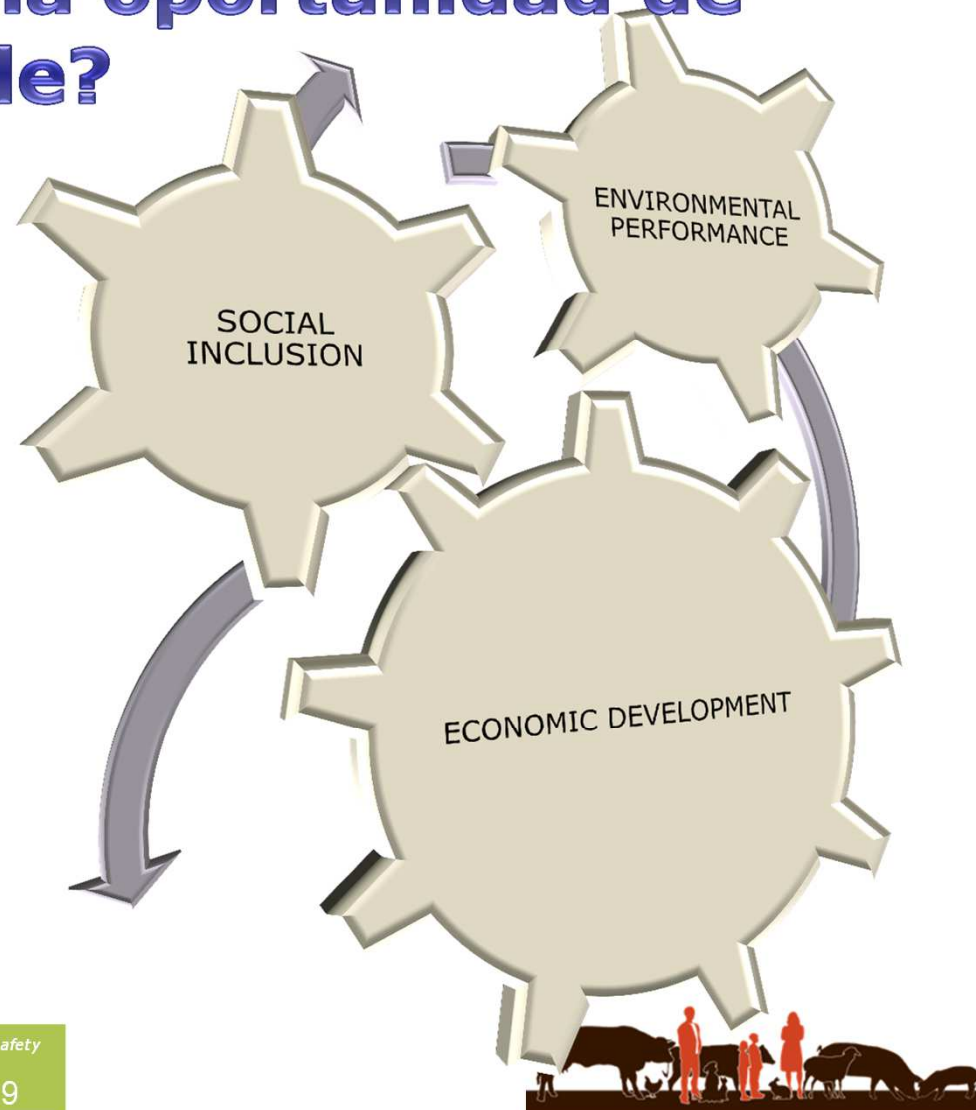
- *Situación actual:*
  - ✓ **Artículo 18 de la propuesta sobre los controles oficiales COM(2013)265: ofrece la posibilidad de usar los indicadores de BA en requisitos no cuantificables**
  - ✓ **La propuesta está en fase de debate en el Parlamento Europeo y en el Consejo**



## ¿El BA representa una oportunidad de producción sostenible?

Para ser sostenible, la agricultura debe satisfacer las necesidades de las generaciones presentes y futuras de sus productos y servicios, garantizando al mismo tiempo la rentabilidad, la salud del medio ambiente y la equidad social y económica.

*FAO- Agricultura sostenible*





# Slow Food Participates at Expo 2015 to Highlight the Essential Role of Biodiversity and Young Farmers in Feeding the Planet

🕒 20 March 2015 🌐 Published in English

*Slow Food will have its own space during the six months of Expo and from October 3-6, the Slow Food Youth Network will hold the “Terra Madre Youth – We Feed the Planet” event, gathering young farmers from around the world*

**The section on the website dedicated to Slow Food’s participation at Expo is now online.**

The topic of Expo 2015, to be held in Milan from May 1 to October 31, is *Feeding the Planet, Energy for Life*, a **topic that Slow Food has been working on since its beginnings and that has always driven the way the organization reasons and works.** With that in mind, Slow Food felt it was essential to **make its voice heard by** participating and **offering its solution** to the question of how to feed the planet and will **approach** the question raised at Expo 2015 **through one of its main focuses: biodiversity.**

In terms of Slow Food’s 6-month participation in the Expo 2015 spaces, **Slow Food will have a**







## El EU Forum de la sostenibilidad en la distribución DG (DG ENV)



- ❖ *Posibilidades para garantizar el Bienestar animal:  
Significa un elemento de "calidad" para los productos alimenticios, especialmente los impactos medioambientales & los beneficios para la sanidad y la alimentación;*
- ❖ *Permite a los productores exponer argumentos convincentes de marketing relativos a origen y producción local, p.ej. "de corral", "alimentado con hierba"...*
- ❖ *Permite a las empresas diferenciarse de sus competidores.*



# El Forum de la sostenibilidad en la distribución (DG ENV)

## *Acciones de la distribución en relación al bienestar animal:*



- ❖ *Trabajar con y apoyar a los distribuidores;*
- ❖ *Proporcionar informaciones claras y eficaces en el punto de venta, p.ej. etiquetado de los huevos o uso de sistemas creíbles de etiquetado de bienestar animal;*
- ❖ *Aumentar la selección de estirpes de crecimiento lento en la producción de carne.*





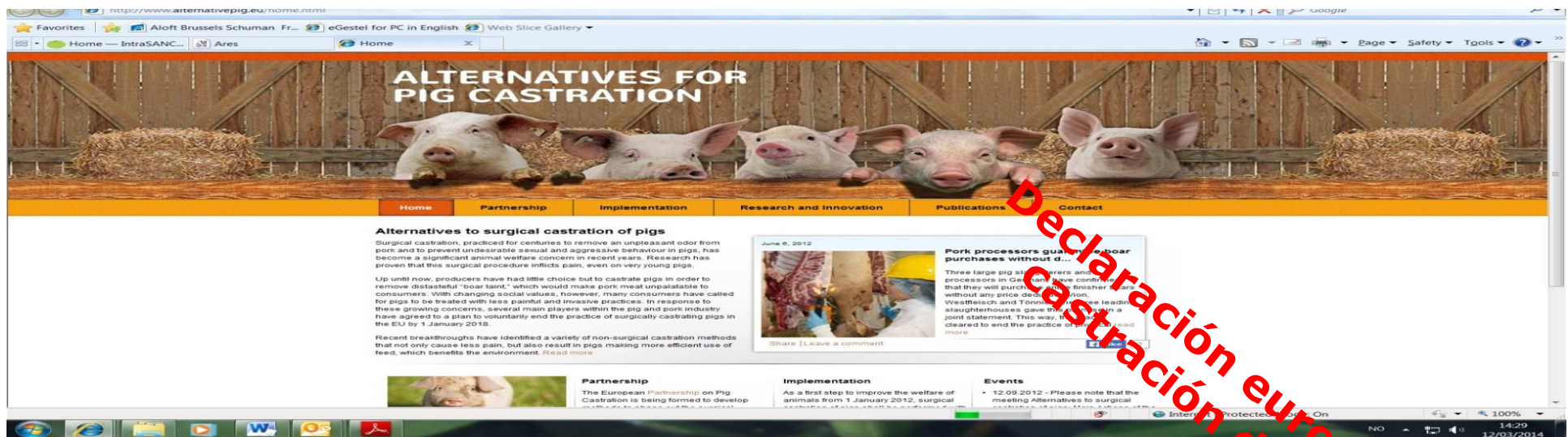
## El Forum de la sostenibilidad en la distribución I (DG ENV)



### ***Acciones de los productores en relación al Bienestar animal :***

- ❖ *Reducir o eliminar las practicas que causan dolor en los animales;*
- ❖ *Respectar las "5 libertades" – proporcionar a los animales alimentación y agua, espacio, luz natural adecuados y sistemas de alojamientos confortables;*
- ❖ *Asegurar que la duración del viaje y del descanso sean conforme al reglamento sobre el transporte.*





- ✓ Objetivo: **acabar con la castración quirúrgica para el 2018**
- ✓ Uso de anestésicos y/o analgésicos desde 2012
- ✓ Asegurar que las herramientas siguientes sean disponibles:
  - Reconocimiento de **métodos europeos de referencia** para categorizar el olor sexual
  - **Métodos de detección rápidos** para el olor sexual en mataderos
  - **Reducción del componente de olor sexual** gracias al empleo de determinadas razas y/o sistemas de gestión/alimentación en explotaciones

Esta declaración constituye un ejemplo de una **iniciativa voluntaria** en el ámbito del bienestar animal propuesta por el sector productivo europeo más importante.



BUSINESS DAY

BUSINESS DAY

## McDonald's Plans a Shift to Eggs From Only Cage-Free Hens

By STEPHANIE STROM SEPT. 9, 2015

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FROM THE  
ACADEMY AWARD®  
WINNING  
DIRECTOR OF

In a move that has significant implications for American and Canadian egg producers, the McDonald's Corporation is announcing that it will begin phasing out the use of eggs from hens housed in cages.

The company uses some two billion shell and liquid eggs annually, or a little more than 4 percent of the 43.56 billion eggs produced in the United States last year. With the national announcement last week of plans to sell some breakfast items all day long, the company expects to buy even more eggs. For example, the Egg McMuffin, which uses [one egg per sandwich](#), is among the company's most popular menu items.

With less than 10 percent of the nation's laying hens housed as "cage free," it could take McDonald's as long as 10 years to reach its goal of having 100 percent come from hens in what are known as "aviary systems." Those allow chickens to move freely up and down tiers and among nesting areas inside barns.

As consumer demand and public pressure for such eggs has increased, the eggs have commanded a premium price. Retailers have marked them up



Eggs from a free-range farm in England. McDonald's will begin phasing out the use of eggs from hens housed in cages. Nigel Roddis/Reuters



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## Smithfield, Tyson Encouraging Transition Away From Gestation Crates

BY JAMES ANDREWS | JANUARY 10, 2014

Major pork producers Smithfield Foods and Tyson Foods have both announced plans this week to develop animal welfare improvements within their facilities, including moving away from the practice of using sow gestation crates, small metal enclosures that hold pregnant female pigs for most of their adult lives.

Gestation crates have come under heavy criticism as inhumane for their use in large-scale animal farming, with the Humane Society of the United States leading efforts to have the practice discontinued.

Smithfield's announcement put in place incentives for contract pork growers to shift to "group housing systems" for pregnant sows before 2022. After that, the company will only renew contracts with growers who have switched to the new system.

According to the announcement, the company has already transitioned 54 percent of sows on company-owned farms to the new system.

The Humane Society praised Smithfield's move, saying that it put pressure on other major growers to do the same.

"The top producer is telling the world that a transition away from gestation crates is not just an aspiration, but is in the works, is economically viable, and is likely to be achieved in the near term. And we continue to help major food retailers commit to switching their purchasing to crate-free producers," wrote Humane Society CEO Wayne Paele.

Tyson, in a letter to its pork suppliers sent Wednesday, said that it was asking all suppliers to improve "quality and quantity of space" for sows in any new or redesigned barns beginning in 2014.

"We believe future sow housing should allow sows of all sizes to stand, turn around, lie down and stretch their legs," Tyson wrote.



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smithfield prods its pork suppliers to dump pig crates

smithfield the world's largest hog and pork buyer, announced tuesday that it's asking independent farmers with whom it has contracts to get rid of stalls for pregnant sows to improve the animals' living conditions.

smithfield is offering to extend their contracts once they've converted their gestational stalls into group houses, which are generally considered more humane.

the move is significant because 40 percent of smithfield sows are raised on farms owned by independent farmers. the company has contracts with 2,100 farms across 12 states.

smithfield, best known for its ham products, says it has already moved 54 percent of pregnant sows on its company-owned farms in the u.s. out of the narrow stalls, known as gestation crates, and into group housing, per a commitment it made in 2007 to phase out the crates.

the hog industry's standard practice for years has been to confine pregnant sows in the 2-foot-wide steel crates for the length of their four-month pregnancies. the idea behind the crates is to keep the sows from squashing their babies, fighting and stealing each others' food.

but animal welfare groups have long called the crates cruel and unnecessary, and pressured big producers like smithfield to end the practice. advocates argue that the crates restrict the animals' movement too much — the sows can't turn around at all — and are simply devices to pack as many animals into a house as possible. (smithfield alone used 15.8 million hogs in 2012.) group houses, by contrast, are bigger, and allow pregnant sows to come and go from their stalls.

smithfield foods to be sold to chinese firm for \$4.72 billion

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## Over 12,000 Dairy Cows to Benefit from Welfare Awards

11 June 2015

**ITALY - Compassion in World Farming celebrated the commitment of leading food businesses to improve animal welfare standards at their Good Farm Animal Welfare Awards held at the Milan Expo on 9 June, hosted by chef, writer and broadcaster, Allegra McEvedy MBE.**

The ceremony was kindly supported by the European Commission with Andrea Gavinelli (Head of Animal Welfare Unit, EC) making a speech praising the work of Compassion and the award winners.

In total, 41 awards were presented across a range of categories: the Retailer Awards, the Good Egg Award, the Good Chicken Award, the Good Dairy Award, the Good Pig Award and new for 2015 the Good Rabbit Award with almost 15 million farm animals set to benefit each year from the winners' higher welfare policies. Of the 41, three awards were presented to household names McDonald's and the Jamie Oliver Group, together with UK based beef processor Blade Farming for their commitment to improving the lives of dairy cows, beef cows and calves.

Dr Tracey Jones, Director of Food Business at Compassion in World Farming said: "It's great to see such big names as McDonald's and the Jamie Oliver Group leading the way in improving the lives of dairy cows, beef cows and calves. Our three award winners alone will positively impact on the lives of over 12,000 cattle. It is a real achievement by our Food Business Managers working with and supporting these companies in what can be a slow, time consuming process to make changes of this scale, sometimes across global businesses."

## UK businesses sweep the board at animal welfare awards

12 June, 2015  
By Helen Arnold

A clutch of UK businesses have won awards recognising the commitment of international food companies to improving animal welfare.

Of the 41 awards at Compassion in World Farming's (CIWF) Good Farm Animal Welfare Awards, ten were won by British businesses. The ceremony was hosted by TV chef Allegra McEvedy in Milan on Tuesday.

UK Winners in the farming sector included Dingley Dell Pork, a third generation pig farm, and bacon and gammon producer, which received a Good Pig Award for its outdoor production site; Denton Farms which also won a Good Pig Award for its higher welfare policies; and Blade Farming, part of the ABP food group, which received a Good Calf Commendation for ensuring that their calf rearing operations are higher welfare.

The Best Retailer Award 2015 was presented to Waitrose for achieving the highest score in CIWF's confidential supermarket survey. The multiple retailer was applauded for its excellent farm animal welfare policies.

Whole Foods Market UK's decision to sell only free-range, slower growing chickens, which have access to the outdoors and have more space in their coops, has paid off with the company awarded a Good Chicken Award for their efforts. The company has also committed itself to only selling free-range pork and received a Good Pig Award in recognition of this.

Burger chain McDonald's picked up a Good Egg Award for its commitment to improving animal welfare in all regions, and switching to the use of free-range eggs. In addition, its egg producers have been required to plant more trees to encourage laying hens' use of the range.

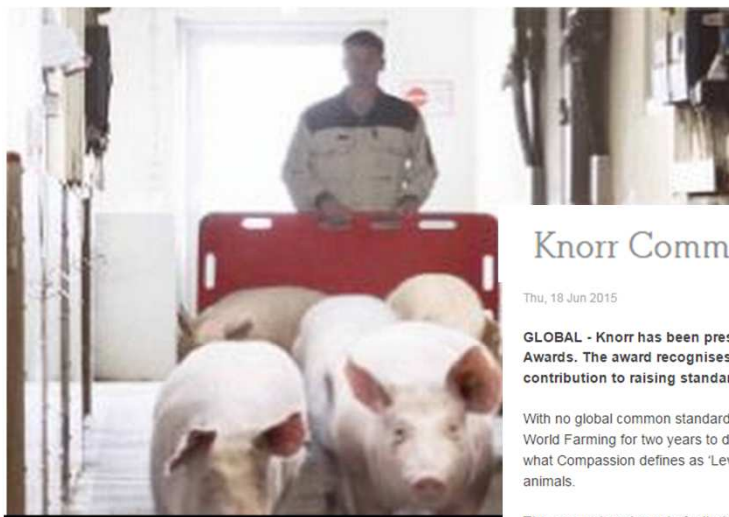
This year Jamie Oliver's restaurant group received a Good Dairy Award for its commitment to source all its milk from producers, which comply with the Good Dairy Award criteria, including pasture access and active health plans for dairy cows, as well as bedding, group housing and a good diet for its calves.

Two UK food brands were also presented with trophies. Unilever received a Special Recognition Award for its largest brand, Knorr, which has ambitions to source 100% of its raw agricultural materials sustainably by 2020 as part of Unilever's Sustainable Living Plan.

Meanwhile, Yorkshire Pudding maker Aunt Bessie's received a Good Egg Award at this year's ceremony for its pledge to use only cage-free eggs in all its products.

"Every year I am so impressed by the commitment and drive of our award winners to make genuine improvements to the lives of millions of farm animals," said Tracey Jones, CIWF director of food business. "However, it also serves to remind me that there is still a huge amount of work to be done before a true market shift towards higher welfare food takes place. I'm confident the higher welfare message is spreading globally as more and more businesses realise that there is not just an ethical imperative to address farm animal welfare but a commercial one too."





## Knorr Commended for Commitment to Advancing Animal Welfare

Thu, 18 Jun 2015

**GLOBAL - Knorr has been presented with Compassion in World Farming's first Special Recognition Award at the Good Farm Animal Welfare Awards. The award recognises the ambition of Unilever's biggest brand to advance animal welfare practices in its own supply chain and its contribution to raising standards across the industry to drive transformational change in animal welfare.**

With no global common standard on animal welfare available, and standards varying across species and regions, Knorr has been working with Compassion in World Farming for two years to develop global criteria for good animal welfare and a framework to start transforming its supply chain. The ambition is to reach what Compassion defines as 'Level 3' higher animal welfare, covering detailed requirements such as adequate space, light, climate and enrichment for all animals.

The comprehensive set of criteria behind Knorr's plan caters to the specific welfare needs of different species such as chickens, cows and pigs. Knorr has worked with independent external experts to assess current practices and with the help of Compassion has started engaging supplier partners on improvements needed to bring consistent and positive change across its supply chain. This detailed animal welfare plan extends the great work the brand has already achieved in sustainably sourcing its vegetable, herb and spice ingredients as consumers become increasingly discerning about the origin and quality of the ingredients in their food.

The awards ceremony was part of the 2015 Milan Expo and was hosted by chef, writer and broadcaster Allegra McEvedy MBE.

David Pendlington, Knorr Procurement Director, said: "We are delighted that our commitment to embark on a journey to advance animal welfare at a global scale is being honoured with this Special Recognition Award. It has been a complex process to create a plan this ambitious and we are still at the start of this challenging journey. We are now at a crucial stage where we appeal to the industry for partners to join us and build momentum to achieve the transformational change we all want to see in this industry."

Dr Tracey Jones, Director of Food Business at Compassion in World Farming, said: "The Special Recognition Award allows Compassion to publicly acknowledge the work of companies beyond our traditional Good Farm Animal Welfare Awards. It recognises outstanding innovation, leadership, commitment or achievement with regard to farm animal welfare through work in which Compassion has been integrally involved. The Knorr team has worked tirelessly over the past two years to investigate supply chain solutions and develop global welfare criteria for chicken, beef and pork. Knorr should be justly proud to be the first recipient of this special award. It is a pleasure working with such a committed team and I wholeheartedly congratulate all involved."





## La dimension global: el desarrollo de la cooperación internacional

- *Cooperación bilaterales vía Acuerdos de libre comercio o fórum de cooperación (Chile, Canadá, Brasil, NZ, Australia, Corea del Sur, Perú - Colombia, América central etc.)*
- *Cooperación multilateral con la Organización Mundial de Sanidad Animal (OIE) and FAO*
- *Políticas de vecindad y plataforma regional OIE para el Bienestar animal en Europa con el objetivo de asegurar la aplicación de estándares de BA*

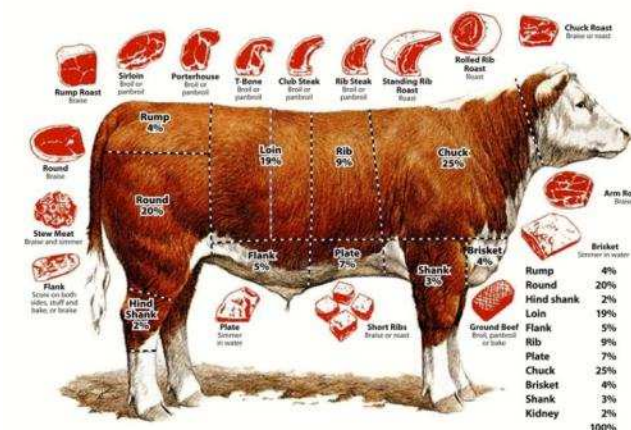


# Importación de carne en la UE

**1. Requisitos como mínimo equivalentes a los de la UE**

**2. Referencia a las normas OIE**

**3. Referencia específica en el certificado sanitario de importación que acompaña a las partidas de carne de cualquier especie**



Graphic used from the ANA website: <http://www.hereford.org/node/781>







2010

*Primera  
evaluación  
sobre bienestar  
animal*

2011

*Informe sobre el  
impacto del  
reglamento  
relativo al  
trasporte*

2012

*Nueva  
estrategia  
asociada al  
Artículo 13 del  
Tratado*

*Prohibición de  
baterías  
convencionales  
para gallinas  
ponedoras*

2013

*Prohibición de  
plazas  
individuales  
para cerdas*

*Memorandum de  
comun acuerdo  
UE-Brasil*

*Informe sobre  
los métodos de  
aturdimientos  
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*prohibición de  
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animales*

2014

*Conferencia  
sobre la revisión  
intermedio de  
los logros de la  
estrategia*

*Primer  
seminario web  
sobre bienestar  
animal*

*Estudio sobre el  
bienestar de  
perros y gatos in  
practicas  
commerciales*

*Acuerdo de  
equivalencia con  
Nueva Zelanda y  
Canadá*

# Logros principales en Bienestar animal de la Comisión Europea 2010 -2014



# Primer hito: UE-Chile Acuerdo SPS



*CONSIDERANDO que, dada la importancia del bienestar animal, con el fin de elaborar normas relativas al mismo y dada su relación con las cuestiones veterinarias, procede incluir este aspecto en el presente Acuerdo y estudiar las normas relativas al bienestar animal a la luz de la evolución en las organizaciones internacionales de normalización competentes.*

## Artículo 1. Objetivos

*El presente Acuerdo tiene, asimismo, por objetivo **alcanzar un entendimiento común entre las Partes en lo referente a normas de bienestar animal.***

## Artículo 3. Ámbito de aplicación

*2. Además de ello, el presente Acuerdo se aplicará a la **elaboración de normas relativas al bienestar animal** y recogidas en el Apéndice I.C.*





# Resultados en Chile hasta ahora

- *Creación de grupo de trabajo UE-Chile*
- *Creación de una unidad de BA in SAG*
- *Iniciativas en materia de formación y reuniones conjuntas*
- *Intercambio de expertos entre Chile y UE*
- *Creación de un centro de colaboración OIE para Chile-Uruguay-México*
- *Marco legislativo (producción, transporte y matanza) y su aplicación*
- *Evaluación de riesgos sobre transporte de larga distancia de animales*



## El MoU entre el Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería y Abastecimiento y la DG SANTE



- ✓ *Establecer un mecanismo de consulta en materia de bienestar de animales de granjas, considerando, en lo posible, las recomendaciones de la OIE;*
- ✓ *Tratar las problemáticas de bienestar de animales de granjas mediante el **dialogo e intercambio** de **información técnica/científica**;*
- ✓ *Discutir y coordinar las **actividades** y los **proyectos**.*



# Acuerdo de Asociación entre Centroamérica y UE

## Cooperación III

Art 62:

(b) proporcionar **conocimientos especializados sobre la capacidad legislativa y técnica para elaborar y hacer cumplir la legislación**, así como para desarrollar sistemas de control sanitarios y fitosanitarios (incluidos los programas de erradicación, los sistemas de inocuidad de los alimentos y la notificación de alertas), y de **bienestar de los animales**.

## Capítulo 5: Medidas sanitarias y fitosanitarias

Art 142- Ámbito de aplicación

3. Además, el presente capítulo se aplicará a la cooperación en materia de bienestar animal.

Art 156- Subcomité de Asuntos Sanitarios y Fitosanitarios

(f) **promover la cooperación sobre bienestar animal entre las**

**Partes;**



- *Eventos fuera de la UE: Canadá, Chile, Corea, Tailandia, Brasil, Costa Rica- próximo en Sri Lanka*
- *Alrededor de **11 eventos en 2 años** sobre bienestar animal en la UE con casi 740 participantes (principalmente veterinarios oficiales)*
- ***+2000 veterinarios** han recibido una formación sobre BA en la UE y en los países terceros*
- *Los **temas** han cubierto **matanza y transporte, bienestar en granjas.***
- ***Sustained training missions:** Tailandia, Chile, Malawi, Lesoto*
- ***TAIEX:** 30 seminarios realizados universalmente (p.ej. Seminario en Líbano en 03/2015)*



# **BTSF eLearning sobre BA en el momento del sacrificio y de la matanza con fines de control sanitario**

New: Poultry



- en inglés, francés y Alemán (+ español y portugués)
- 5.000 participantes en total para el 2016 (1.361 funcionarios de 35 países hasta ahora, durante 20 ediciones)





# Oportunidad de cooperación

- ❑ *Compartir el trabajo de la EFSA*
- ❑ *Proyectos científicos*
- ❑ *Iniciativas BTSF y "sustained training missions"*
- ❑ *Plataforma de los sectores interesados*



La presión del mercado  
aporta recursos nuevos  
al **bienestar animal**  
como "**valor añadido**"



Gracias por su atención!

